

Description

The VSM25P14 uses advanced trench technology and design to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ with low gate charge. It can be used in a wide variety of applications.

General Features

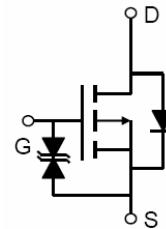
- $V_{DS} = -150V, I_D = -25A$
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 150m\Omega @ V_{GS} = -10V$ (Typ.=120mR)
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 160m\Omega @ V_{GS} = -4.5V$ (Typ.=131mR)
- Super high dense cell design
- Advanced trench process technology
- Reliable and rugged
- High density cell design for ultra low On-Resistance



TO-252

Application

- Portable equipment and battery powered systems



Schematic Diagram

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Device Package	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
VSM25P14-T2	VSM25P14	TO-252	Ø330mm	12mm	2500 units

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_c=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	-145	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Drain Current-Continuous	I_D	-25	A
Drain Current-Continuous($T_c=100^\circ C$)	$I_D (100^\circ C)$	-17	A
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DM}	-140	A
Maximum Power Dissipation	P_D	160	W
Derating factor		1.3	W/ $^\circ C$
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 To 150	$^\circ C$

Thermal Characteristic

Thermal Resistance,Junction-to-Case ^(Note 2)	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.8	°C/W
Thermal Resistance,Junction-to-Ambient ^(Note 2)	$R_{\theta JA}$	40	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_c=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted)

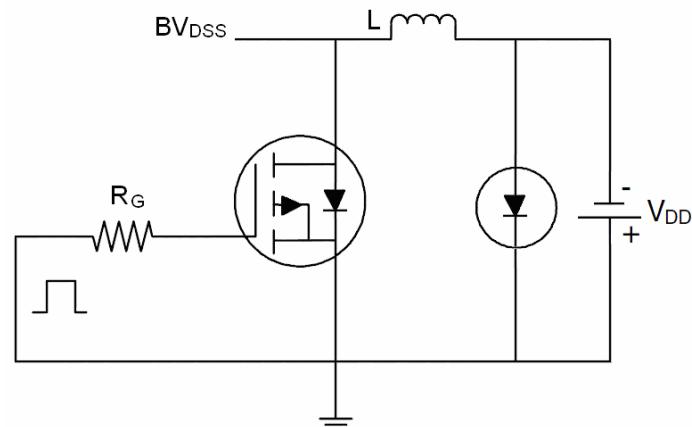
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Off Characteristics						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=-250\mu A$	-145	-155	-	V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=-145V, V_{GS}=0V$	-	-	1	μA
Gate-Body Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=\pm 20V, V_{DS}=0V$	-	-	± 10	μA
On Characteristics ^(Note 3)						
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu A$	-1.5	-1.9	-3	V
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$V_{GS}=-10V, I_D=-20A$	-	120	150	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-4.5V, I_D=-20A$	-	131	160	
Forward Transconductance	g_{FS}	$V_{DS}=-5V, I_D=-20A$	5	-	-	S
Dynamic Characteristics ^(Note 4)						
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{DS}=-75V, V_{GS}=0V, F=1.0MHz$	-	7650	-	PF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}		-	148	-	PF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}		-	131	-	PF
Switching Characteristics ^(Note 4)						
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=-75V, I_D=-20A$ $V_{GS}=-10V, R_{GEN}=9.1\Omega$	-	17	-	nS
Turn-on Rise Time	t_r		-	80	-	nS
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	45	-	nS
Turn-Off Fall Time	t_f		-	65	-	nS
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{DS}=-75V, I_D=-20A,$ $V_{GS}=-10V$	-	137	-	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}		-	25	-	nC
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}		-	28	-	nC
Drain-Source Diode Characteristics						
Diode Forward Voltage ^(Note 3)	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0V, I_S=-25A$	-	-	-1.2	V
Diode Forward Current ^(Note 2)	I_S	-	-	-	-25	A
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$T_J = 25^\circ C, IF = -25A$ $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ^(Note 3)	-	90	-	nS
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}		-	105	-	nC

Notes:

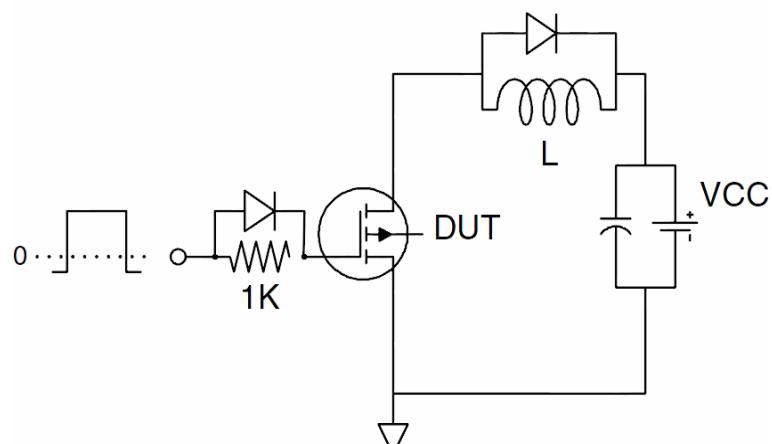
- Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device mounted on 1in2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A = 25^\circ C$. The maximum allowed junction temperature of $150^\circ C$.
- Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300\mu s$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- Guaranteed by design, not subject to production
- EAS condition: $T_j=25^\circ C, V_{DD}=-75V, V_G=-10V, L=0.5mH, R_g=25\Omega$

Test Circuit

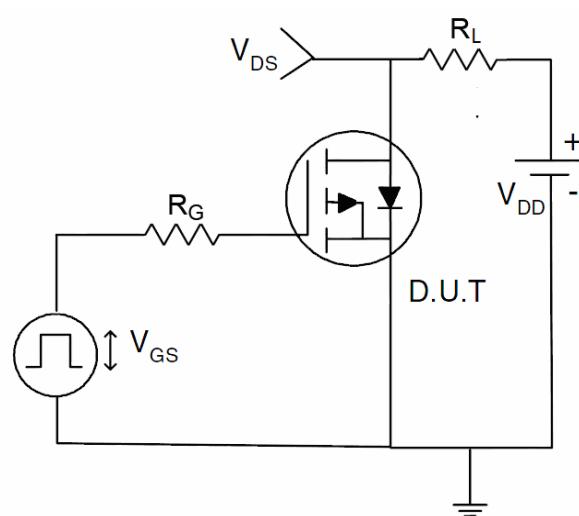
1) E_{AS} Test Circuit



2) Gate Charge Test Circuit



3) Switch Time Test Circuit



Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics (Curves)

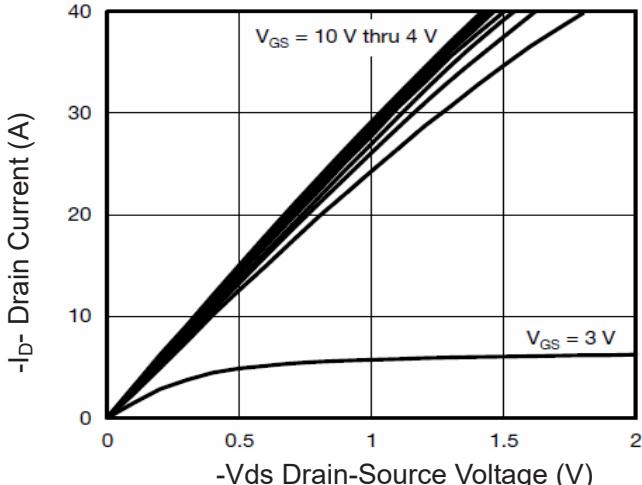


Figure 1 Output Characteristics

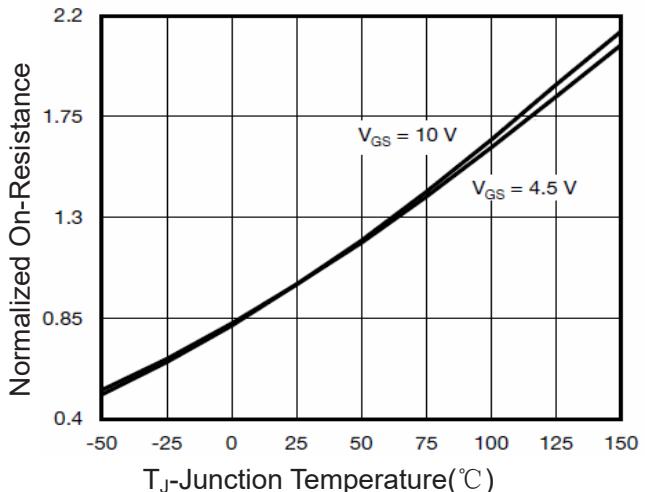


Figure 4 Rdson-JunctionTemperature

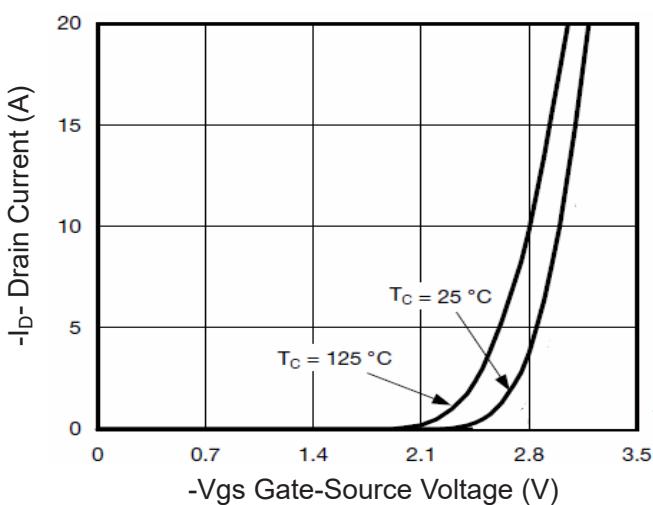


Figure 2 Transfer Characteristics

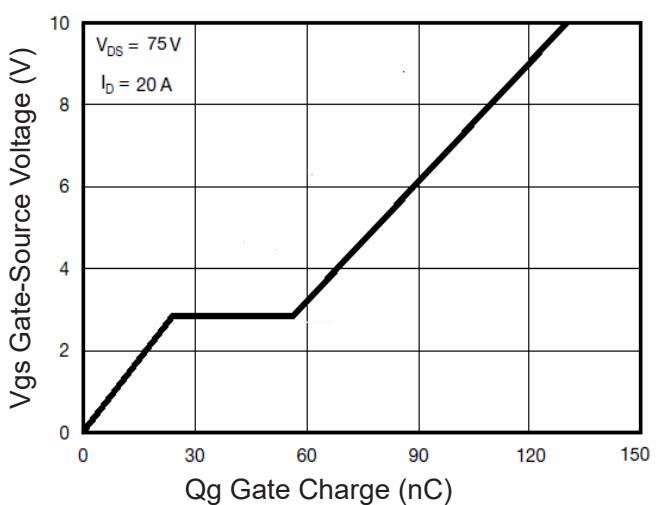


Figure 5 Gate Charge

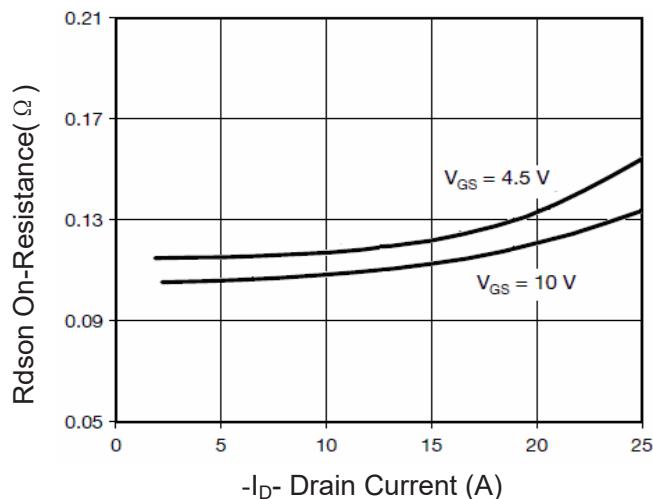


Figure 3 Rdson- Drain Current

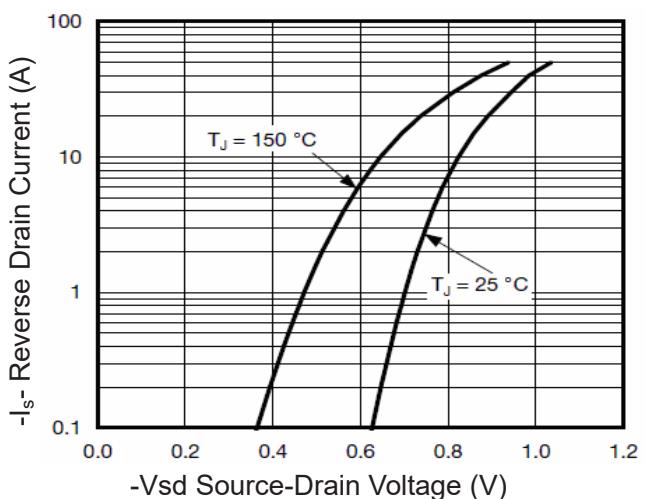
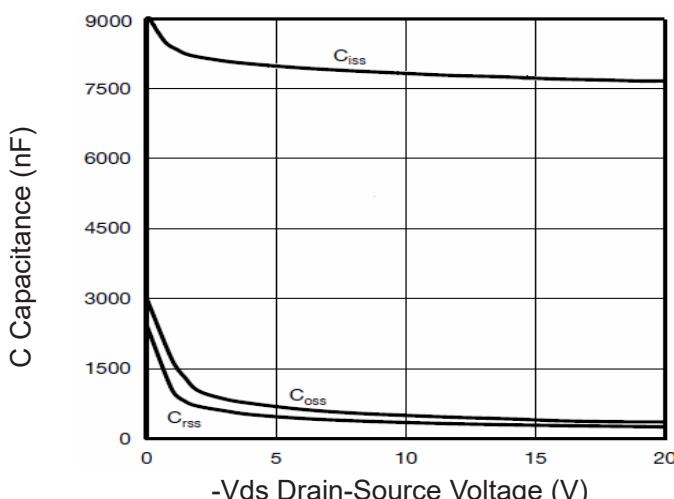
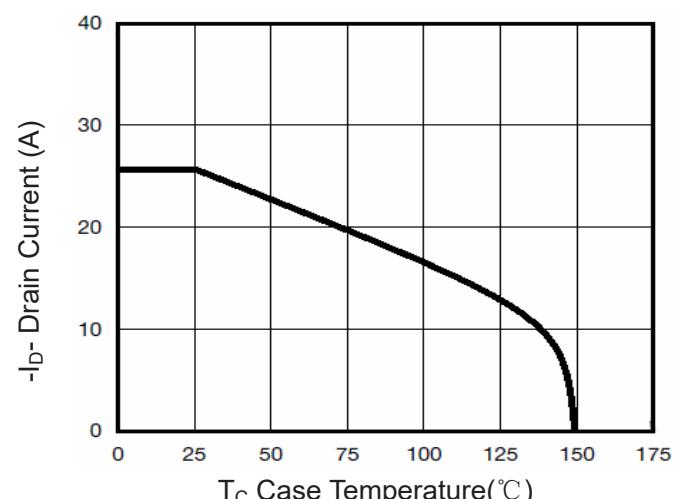
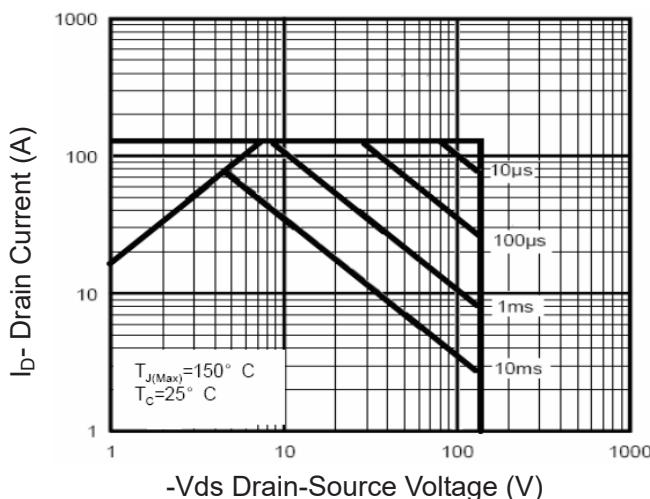
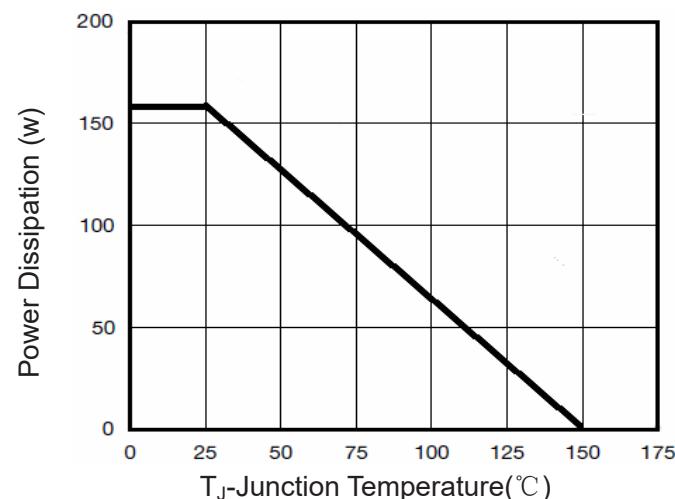
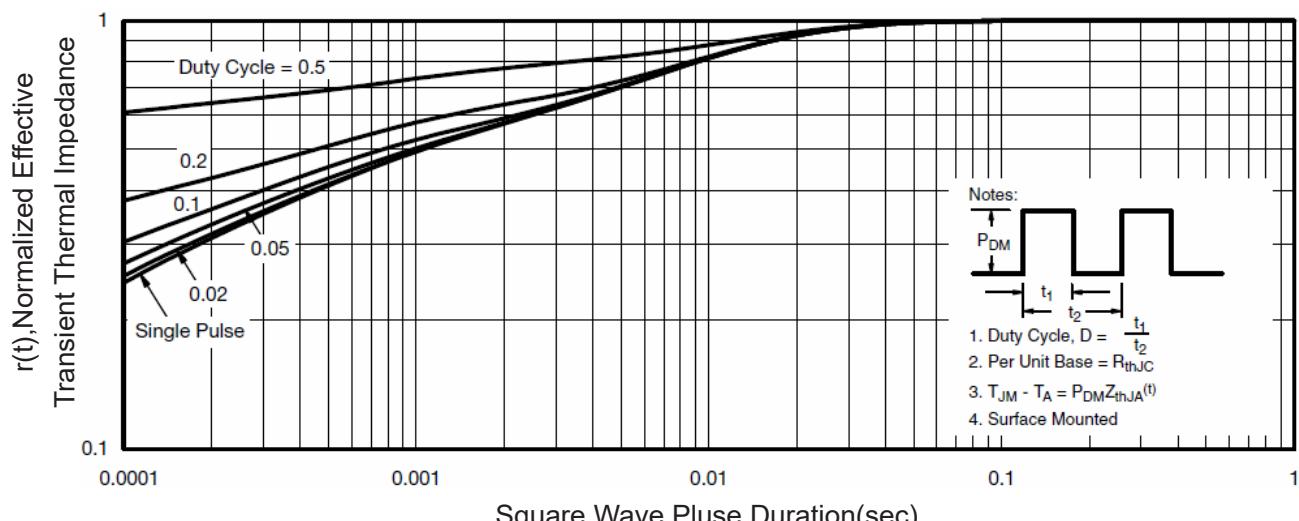


Figure 6 Source- Drain Diode Forward


Figure 7 Capacitance vs Vds

Figure 9 Drain Current vs Case Temperature

Figure 8 Safe Operation Area

Figure 10 Power De-rating

Figure 11 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance