

Description

The series of devices uses **Super Trench II** technology that is uniquely optimized to provide the most efficient high frequency switching performance. Both conduction and switching power losses are minimized due to an extremely low combination of $R_{DS(on)}$ and Q_g . This device is ideal for high-frequency switching and synchronous rectification.

Application

- DC/DC Converter
- Ideal for high-frequency switching and synchronous rectification

General Features

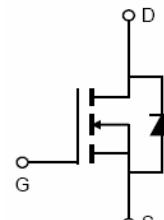
- $V_{DS} = 100V, I_D = 135A$
 $R_{DS(on)} = 3.65m\Omega$, typical (TO-220)@ $V_{GS} = 10V$
 $R_{DS(on)} = 3.5m\Omega$, typical (TO-263)@ $V_{GS} = 10V$
- Excellent gate charge x $R_{DS(on)}$ product(FOM)
- Very low on-resistance $R_{DS(on)}$
- 175 °C operating temperature
- Pb-free lead plating
- Pb-free Mold Compound



TO-220C



TO-263



Schematic Diagram

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Device Package	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
VST10N036-TC	VST10N036	TO-220C	-	-	-
VST10N036-T3	VST10N036	TO-263	-	-	-

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_c=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Drain Current-Continuous	I_D	135	A
Drain Current-Continuous($T_c=100^\circ C$)	$I_D(100^\circ C)$	108	A
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DM}	540	A
Maximum Power Dissipation	P_D	220	W
Derating factor		1.47	W/°C
Avalanche Current ^(Note 1)	I_{AR}	55	A
Single pulse avalanche energy ^(Note 5)	E_{AS}	1156	mJ
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 To 175	°C

Thermal Characteristic

Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case ^(Note 2)	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.68	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient ^(Note 2)	$R_{\theta JA}$	50	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
Off Characteristics								
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	$I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	100		-	V	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=100\text{V}$	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1	μA	
Gate-Body Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=\pm20\text{V}$	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	±100	nA	
On Characteristics (Note 3)								
Gate Threshold Voltage	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=\text{V}_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$		2.0	3.0	4.0	V	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$	$I_{\text{D}}=65\text{A}$	TO-220	-	3.65	3.9	$\text{m}\Omega$
TO-263						3.5	3.9	$\text{m}\Omega$
Gate resistance	R_{G}			-	1.5	-	Ω	
Forward Transconductance	g_{FS}	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=65\text{A}$			90	-	S	
Dynamic Characteristics (Note 4)								
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=50\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, F=1.0\text{MHz}$		-	7450	9685	PF	
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}			-	618	803	PF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}			-	37	60	PF	
Switching Characteristics (Note 4)								
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}}=50\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=65\text{A}$		-	20	-	nS	
Turn-on Rise Time	t_r			-	11.5	-	nS	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$			-	48	-	nS	
Turn-Off Fall Time	t_f			-	10	-	nS	
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=50\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=65\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$		-	116	150	nC	
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}			-	39	50	nC	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			-	32	42	nC	
Drain-Source Diode Characteristics								
Diode Forward Voltage (Note 3)	V_{SD}	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{S}}=65\text{A}$		-		1.2	V	
Diode Forward Current (Note 2)	I_{S}			-	-	135	A	
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = I_S$		-	76	-	nS	
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}			-	150	-	nC	

Notes:

- Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- The value of $R_{\text{DS}(\text{A})}$ is measured with the device mounted on 1in2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175°C may be used if the PCB allows it.
- Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- Guaranteed by design, not subject to production
- EAS condition : $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, V_{\text{DD}}=50\text{V}, V_G=10\text{V}, L=0.5\text{mH}, R_g=25\Omega$

Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

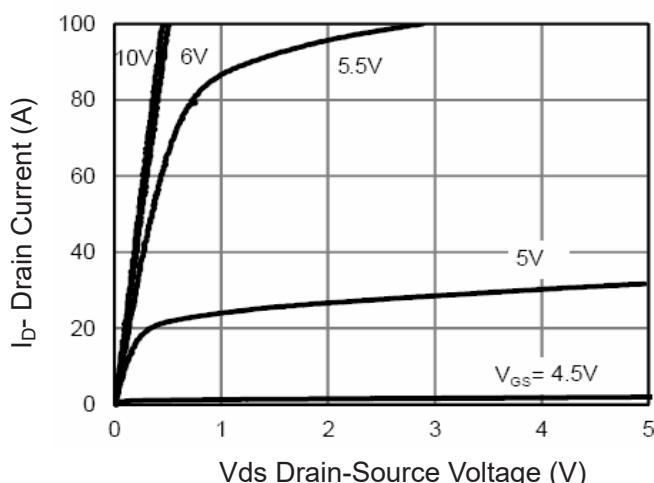


Figure 1 Output Characteristics

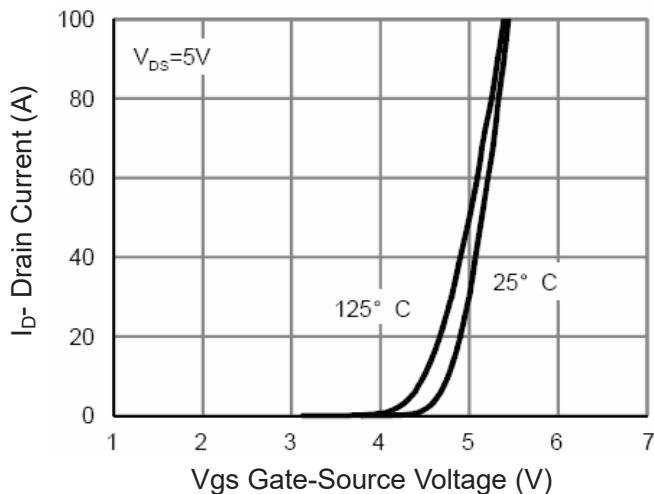


Figure 2 Transfer Characteristics

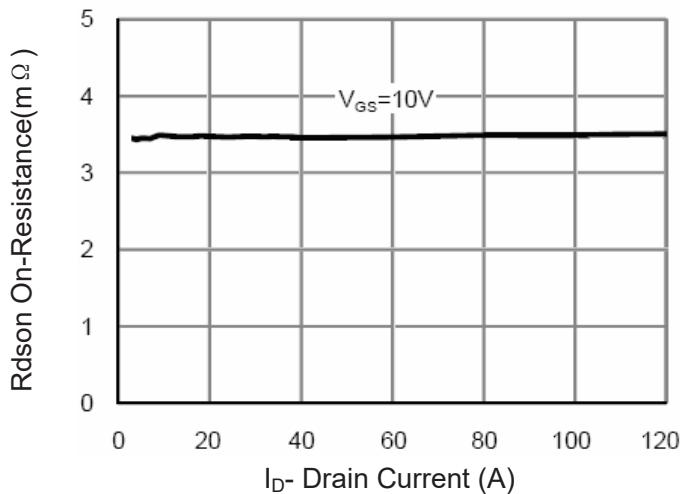


Figure 3 Rdson- Drain Current

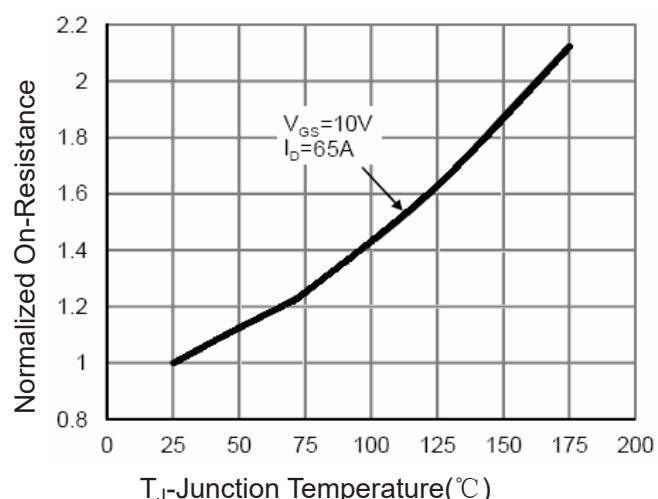


Figure 4 Rdson-Junction Temperature

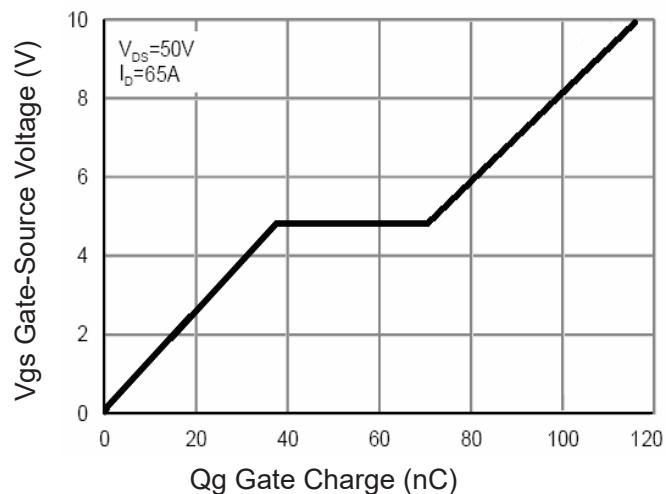


Figure 5 Gate Charge

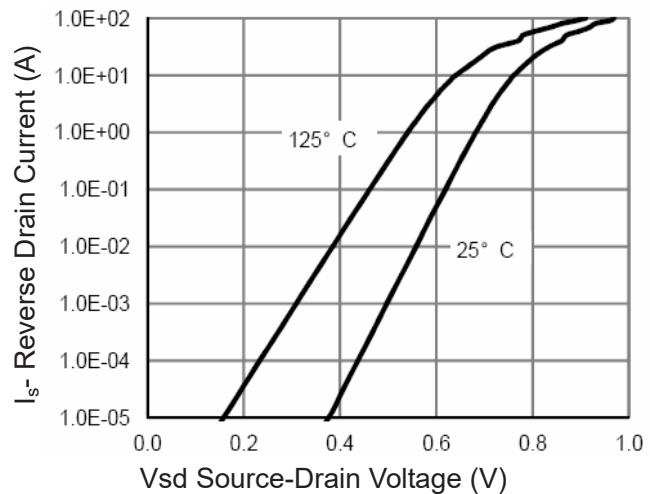
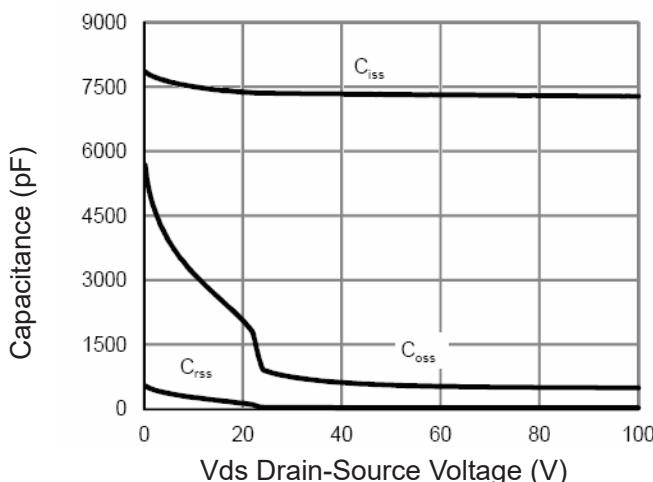
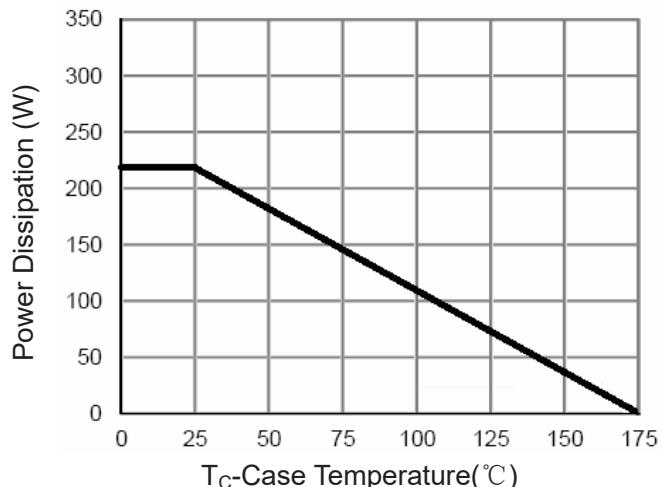
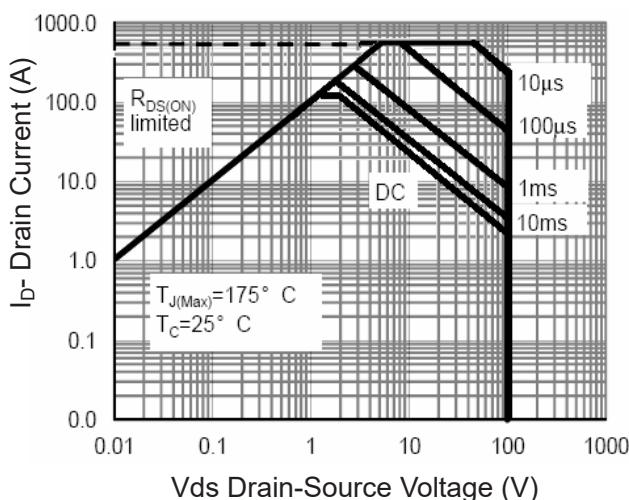
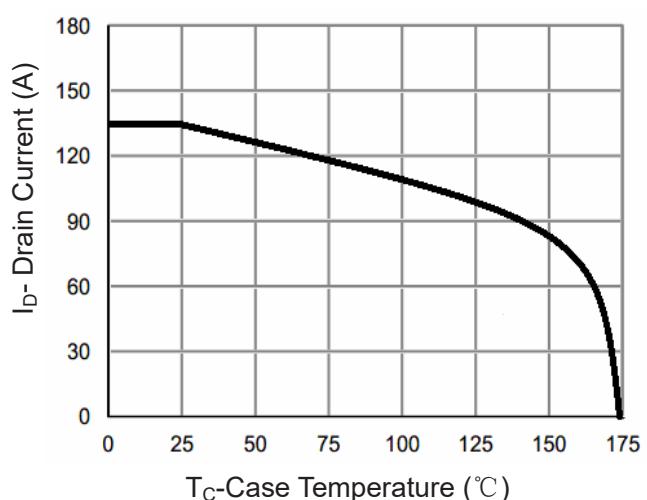
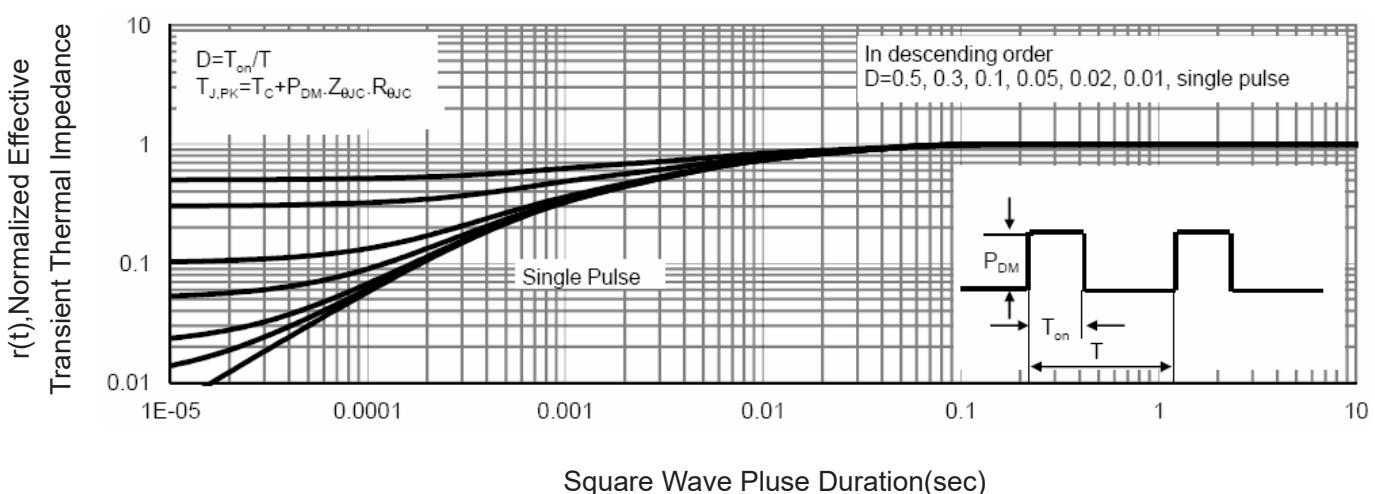


Figure 6 Source- Drain Diode Forward


Figure 7 Capacitance vs Vds

Figure 9 Power De-rating

Figure 8 Safe Operation Area

Figure 10 Current De-rating

Figure 11 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance